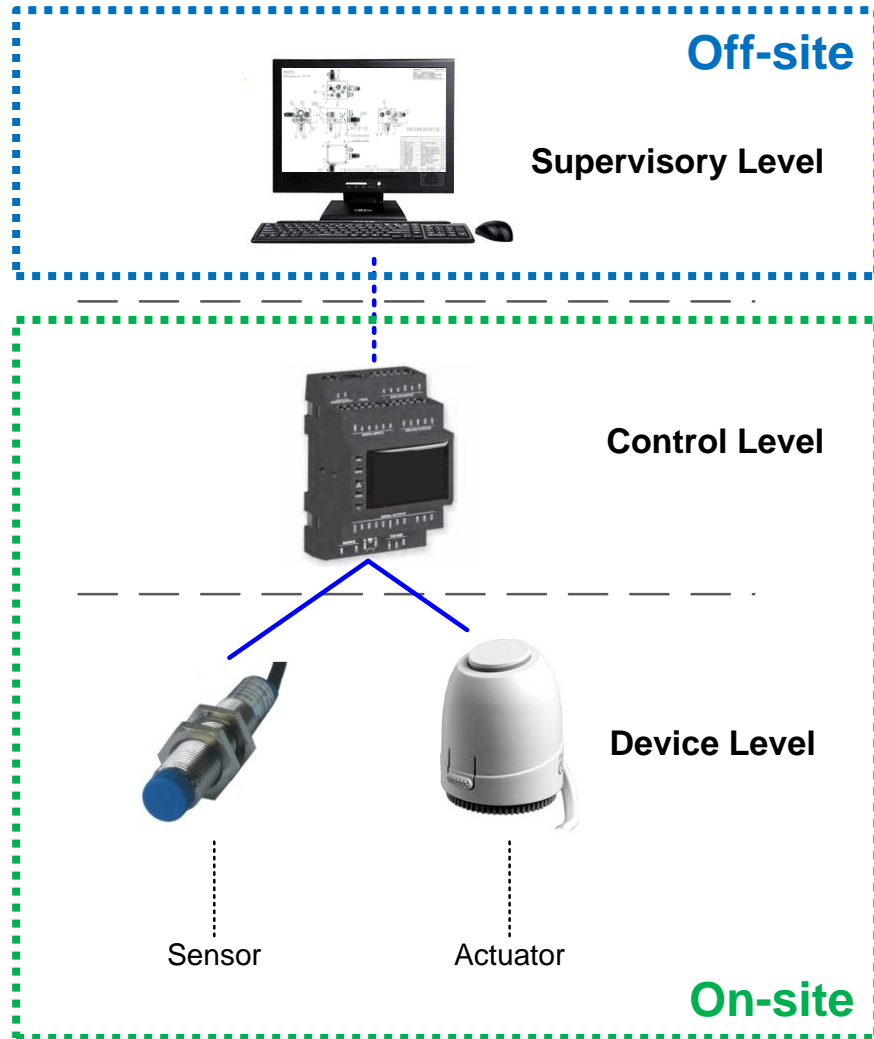


Examples of Horizontal Challenges for Cybersecurity in Critical Infrastructure

Dr. Martin Wimmer

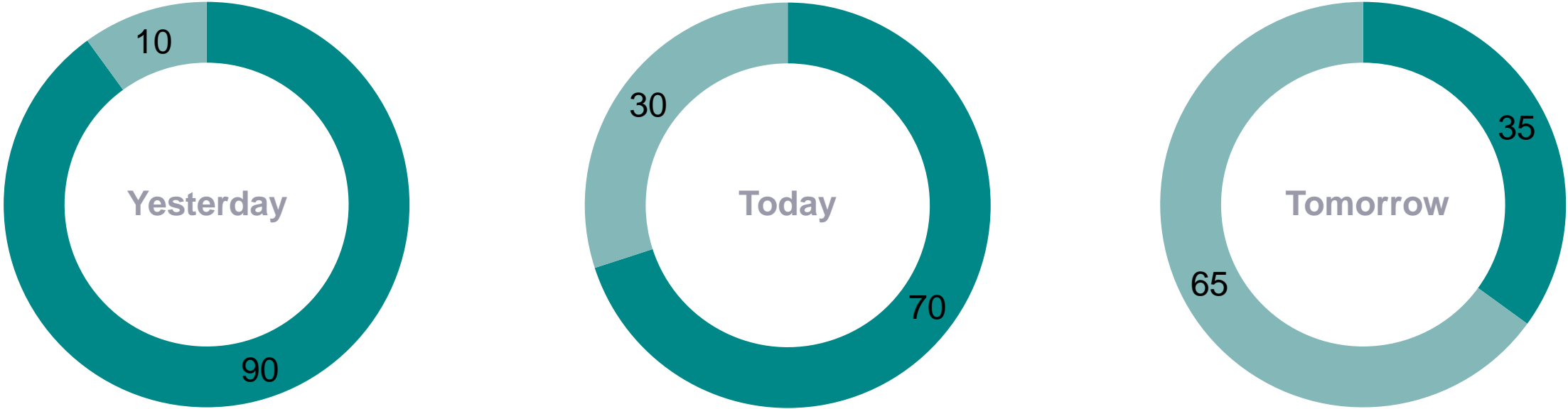
June 24th, 2021

Starting Point: Operational Technology



- OT comprises “...hardware and software that detects or causes a change through the direct monitoring and/or control of physical devices, processes and events...”
 - Used in automation since the 70/80s
 - Originally not IP-based
- “Secure island” deployment model: system isolation, network segregation for the on-site components:
 - Controllers
 - Devices: sensors, actuators

Paradigm Shift for OT Systems



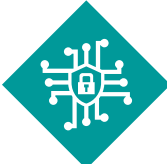
Value proposition in OT products/systems
(indicative figures)

■ Hardware ■ Software

But are IT Security and OT the Same?

IT Security

OT Security



Confidentiality

Availability

| | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| 3-5 years | Asset lifecycle | 20-40 years |
| Forced migration (e.g. PCs, smart phone) | Software lifecycle | Usage as long as spare parts available |
| High (> 10 “agents” on office PCs) | Options to add security SW | Low (old systems w/o “free” performance) |
| Low (~2 generations, Windows 7 and 10) | Heterogeneity | High (from Windows 95 up to 10) |
| Standards based (agents & forced patching) | Main protection concept | Case and risk based |

Examples of What Can Go Wrong

U.S. Pipeline Attack - 2021

In May, Colonial, the operator of the biggest gasoline pipeline in the U.S. suffered from a ransomware attack and shut down operations. Colonial paid ransom of which the majority could be seized.



<https://www.zdnet.com/article/colonial-pipeline-ransomware-attack-everything-you-need-to-know/>
<https://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles/2021-05-08/u-s-s-biggest-gasoline-and-pipeline-halted-after-cyberattack>
<https://www.nytimes.com/2021/06/07/us/politics/pipeline-attack.html>

Cyberattack Targets Safety System of Saudi Arabian Petrochemical Plant - 2017

In 2017 the safety system of a petrochemical plant in Saudi Arabia was attacked. Parts of the plant were taken offline.



<https://foreignpolicy.com/2017/12/21/cyber-attack-targets-safety-system-at-saudi-aramco>

Ukrainian Power Grid - 2016

On December 23, 2015, the Ukrainian [...] electricity distribution company, reported service outages to customers. [...] outages that caused approximately 225,000 customers to lose power across various areas.



https://ics.sans.org/media/E-ISAC_SANS_Ukraine_DUC_5.pdf

German Steel Mill - 2015

... hackers had struck an unnamed steel mill in Germany. They did so by manipulating and disrupting control systems to such a degree that a blast furnace could not be properly shut down, resulting in "massive"—though unspecified—damage.



<https://www.wired.com/2015/01/german-steel-mill-hack-destruction/>
<https://www.wired.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/Lagebericht2014.pdf>

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Industroyer

“attacks ... [by] using industrial communication protocols which are standardised across a number of types of critical infrastructure“ ...

“The problem is that these protocols were designed decades ago, and back then industrial systems were meant to be isolated from the outside world,”

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<https://www.wired.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/01/Lagebericht2014.pdf>

Generic Attack Vectors



Supply Chain Attacks

SCADA System
Attacks

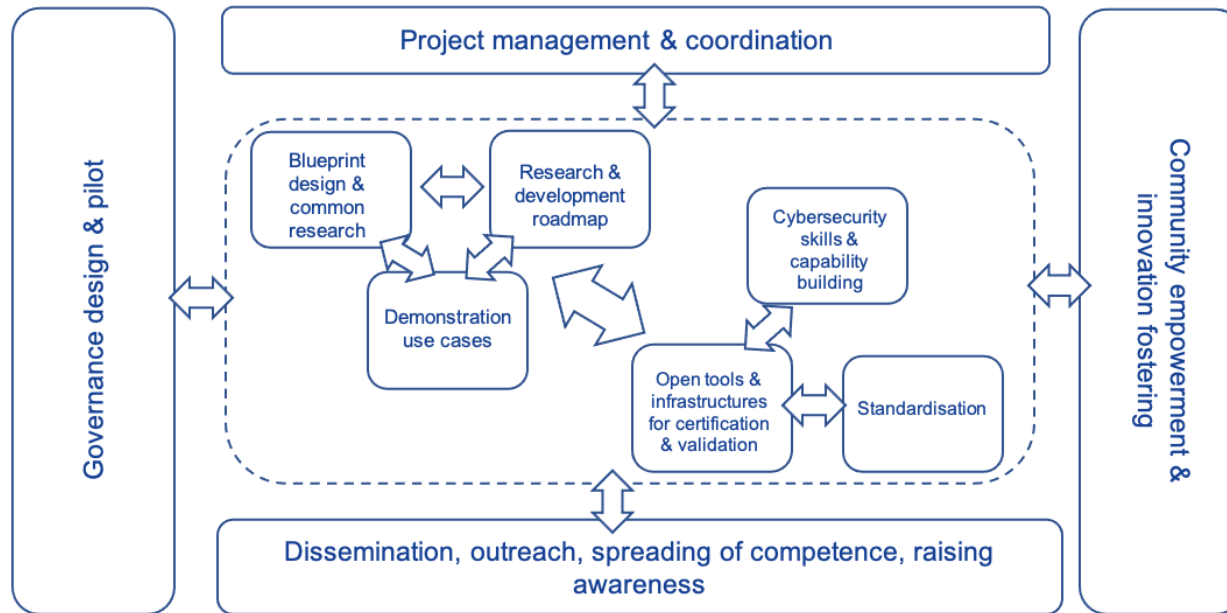
Communication/
Protocol Attacks

Phishing Attacks

Ransomwares

What Is CyberSec4Europe

CyberSec4Europe is funded by the European Union under the H2020 Programme Grant Agreement No. 830929



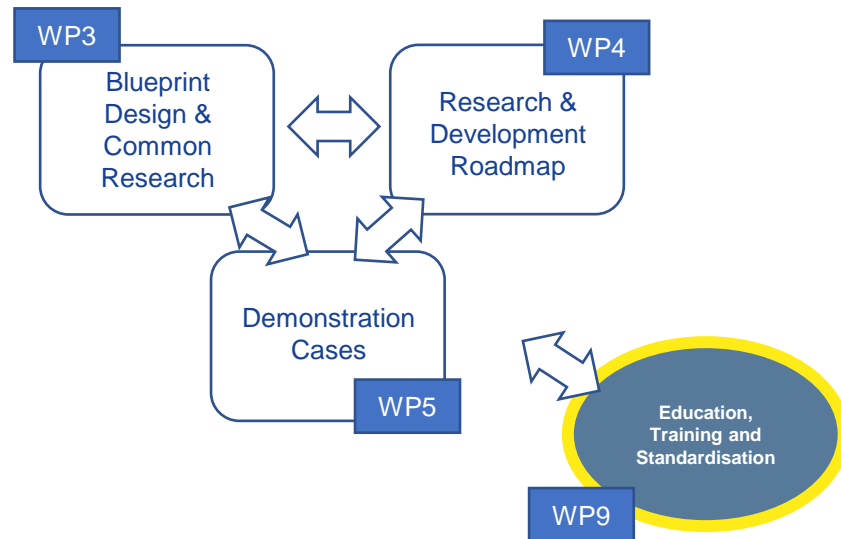
CyberSec4Europe is a research-based consortium working across four different but inter-related areas with a strong focus on openness and citizen-centricity in order to:

- Pilot a European Cybersecurity Competence Network
- Design, test and demonstrate potential governance structures for the network of competence centres
- Harmonise the journey from software componentry identified by a set of roadmaps leading to recommendations

- Ensure the adequacy and availability of cybersecurity education and training as well as common open standards
- Communicate widely and build communities

Supply Chain Security

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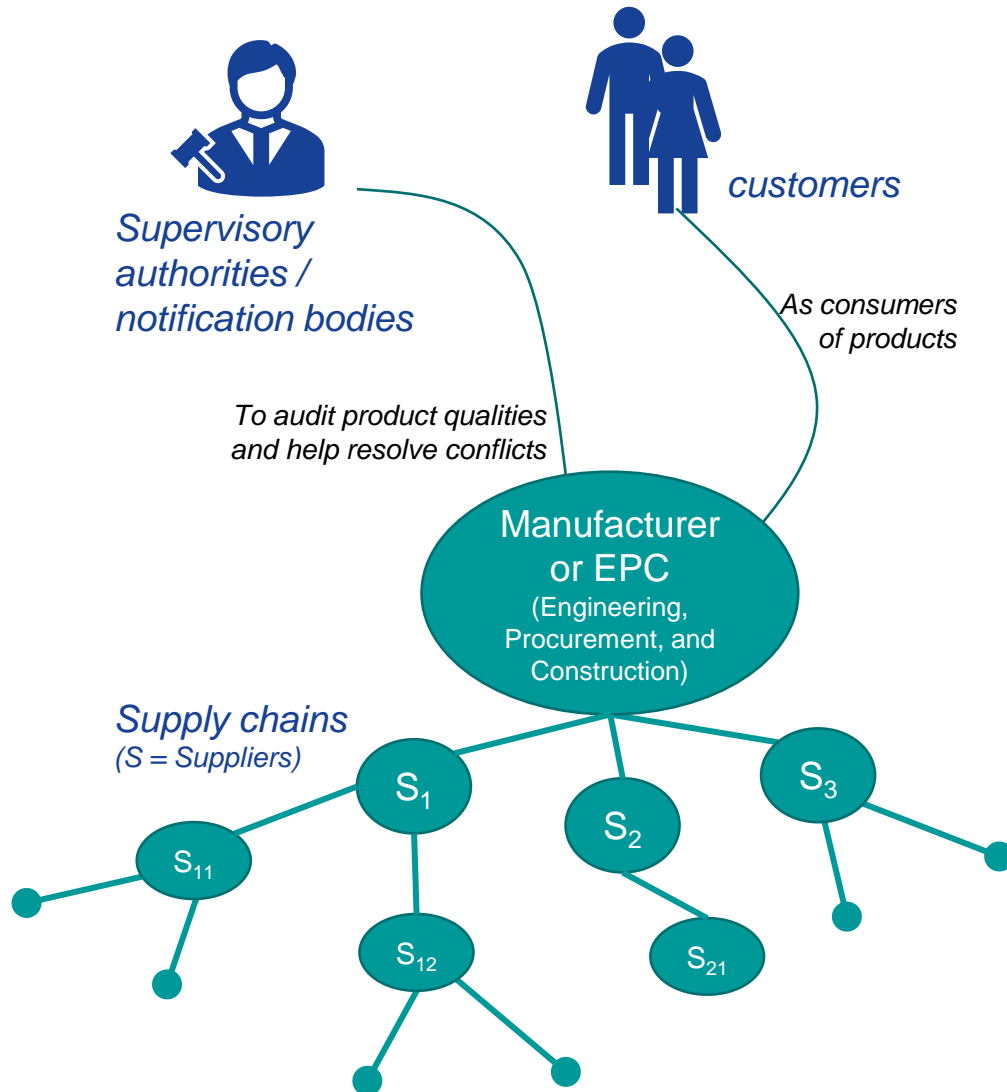


Supply Chain Security is addressed by the programme through closely coordinated parallel streams

- WP3's research and integration on **cybersecurity enablers and underlying technologies**, e.g., blockchain
- WP4's definition and review of the **research and development roadmap for industrial challenges**, e.g., with focus on supply chain security
- WP5's **demonstrator development**, with two use cases for supply chain security
- WP9's **cybersecurity awareness initiative**, e.g., with regard to "Supply Chain Security Recommendations"

The Supply Chain Security Demonstrator is About

CyberSec4Europe is funded by the European Union under the H2020 Programme Grant Agreement No. 830929



- ... assessing the security requirements of highly distributed, cross-organizational business processes, e.g.,
 - guaranteeing non-repudiation and enforcing workflow compliance and
 - identifying and resolving disputes amongst business partners
- ... demonstrating security architectures and processes that allow **building up trust** amongst business partners **without the need (and/or possibility) to rely on a trusted 3rd party**

Generic Attack Vectors



Generic Attack Vectors ... and the Need for Mitigations



Secure Data Acquisition Through Unidirectional Connectivity

Firewall

Medium risk of remote attacks can disrupt operations

SW can & has been hacked



IT Lifecycle (5yrs)



Patches, monitoring & audits



Data Diode

(DCU; [siemens.com/dcu](https://www.siemens.com/dcu))

Very low risk of operational disruption due to remote attacks

HW can't be hacked

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0110110
1011101
0011011
0101010
1100101
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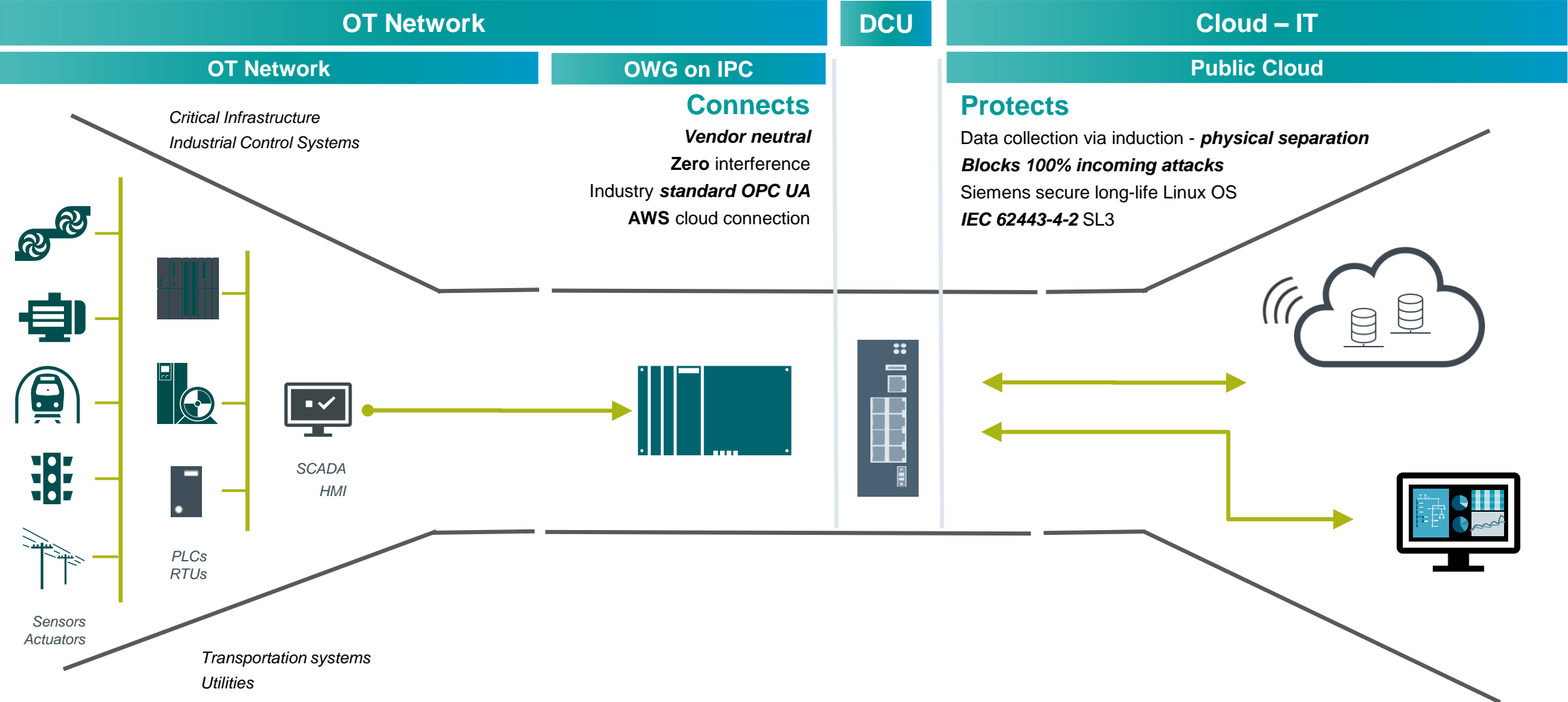
OT Lifecycle (+20yrs)



No patches or audits needed



How Does It Work?



All Solved? How to Proceed?

